Your Pregnancy Timeline



Here are some things to consider during your pregnancy to help you prepare for the birth of your baby

0-4 weeks

- Start/continue taking folic acid
- Avoid smoking, drinking and recreational drugs
- Research your childbirth choices:
 - Public hospital care
 - Public hospital
 - Antenatal clinics
 - Midwives clinics
 - Team midwifery/midwifery group practice
 - Gp shared care programs
 - Early discharge
 - Private hospital care
 - Birth centre care
 - Home birth care
 - Water births

5-8 weeks

- You may start to feel sick for the next three weeks – this is most likely due to a rise in hormone levels; ginger is natural stomach settler; however talk to your gp if you feel overwhelmed by the feelings of nausea
- Make your first appointment with your doctor or midwife
- If you are planning to go overseas check with your doctor/midwife if you are able to have any necessary vaccinations
- Consider your safety at work
- Make a dentist
- Appointment
- Book your antenatal classes

9-12 weeks

- Have your ultrasound
- Start pregnancy exercising

13-16 weeks

- Announce your pregnancy
- Stop taking folic acid now unless your doctor advises otherwise
- An amniocentesis test is
- Usually done between weeks 15-18
- Research maternity entitlements
- Research childcare options

17-20 weeks

- Start maternity clothes shopping
- May have another ultrasound to test for physical abnormalities

21-24 weeks

- Start preparing the nursery
- Notify your employer in writing about your pregnancy

25-28 weeks

- Begin antenatal classes
- Start shopping for baby equipment/supplies – it will help your budget if you spread the cost over a number of weeks

29-32 weeks

- Pack your hospital bag
- Write your birth plan

33-36 weeks

- If you are having more than one baby you cannot travel by plane after 32 weeks
- Check you have the baby basics organised
- Organise baby announcement stationery
- Buy 2 nursing bras, breast pads and sanitary pads
- Write your birth plan
- Stock up on groceries and make a few meals to freeze for when you first come home
- Book a nappy service if you plan to use one

37-40 weeks

- If you are pregnant with a single baby you cannot travel by air after 36 weeks
- Keep the digital camera/ mobile phone charged at all times
- Discuss your birth plan with your birth partner and doctor or midwife
- Make a list of phone numbers for your partner

 text is the easiest and quickest way to let everyone know baby has arrived
- Find the quickest route to hospital
- Have your birth partner fill in a diary of their activities for the next few weeks so you know where he or she is at all times
- Take time out just for you with a pregnancy massage, have your nails done, but don't put on any nail polish, and have your hair cut